

result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:25:20 ON 23 JAN 2007

=> file .meeting

'EVENTLINE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

'MEDICONF' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.21	0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

FILE 'BIOTECHNO' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CONFSCI' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'HEALSAFE' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'IMSDRUGCONF' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 IMSWORLD Publications Ltd.

FILE 'LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'PASCAL' ENTERED AT 10:25:39 ON 23 JAN 2007

Any reproduction or dissemination in part or in full, by means of any process and on any support whatsoever is prohibited without the prior written agreement of INIST-CNRS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.

=> DKFZp434P1818.1

L1	0 FILE AGRICOLA
L2	0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L3	0 FILE CONFSCI
L4	0 FILE HEALSAFE
L5	0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L6	0 FILE LIFESCI
L7	0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L8 0 DKFZP434P1818.1

=> file .jacob

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
7.00	7.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:26:12 ON 23 JAN 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:26:12 ON 23 JAN 2007  
Copyright (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:26:12 ON 23 JAN 2007

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:26:12 ON 23 JAN 2007  
Copyright (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:26:12 ON 23 JAN 2007  
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> DKFZp434P1818.1  
L9 1 FILE CAPLUS  
L10 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L11 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L12 0 FILE EMBASE  
L13 1 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES  
L14 2 DKFZP434P1818.1

=> dup rem  
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):L14  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L14  
L15 2 DUP REM L14 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l15 ibib abs total

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:56659 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Biomarkers for diagnosing rheumatoid arthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Kantor, Aaron B., San Carlos, CA, UNITED STATES  
Becker, Christopher, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Schulman, Howard, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005048574	A1	20050303
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-801990	A1	20040315 (10)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-455037P	20030314 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SWANSON & BRATSCHUN L.L.C., 1745 SHEA CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330, HIGHLANDS RANCH, CO, 80129	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	52	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	6315	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Biological markers for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) are disclosed. Also disclosed are the uses of such markers to diagnose and treat RA, monitor progression of the disease, evaluate therapeutic interventions, and screen candidate drugs in a clinical or preclinical trial.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:799449 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:294121  
TITLE: Protein markers in body fluids for diagnosing  
rheumatoid arthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Kantor, Aaron B.; Becker, Christopher H.; Schulman,  
Howard  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Surromed Inc., USA; Ppd Biomarker Discovery Sciences,  
LLC  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 184 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004082617	A2	20040930	WO 2004-US7880	20040315
WO 2004082617	A3	20051208		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2004222345	A1	20040930	AU 2004-222345	20040315
CA 2527916	A1	20040930	CA 2004-2527916	20040315
US 2005048574	A1	20050303	US 2004-801990	20040315
EP 1627076	A2	20060222	EP 2004-720815	20040315
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-455037P	P 20030314
			WO 2004-US7880	W 20040315

AB Biol. markers for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) are disclosed. A high-mol.-weight fraction separated from serum samples from patients with RA or from non-RA subjects was subjected to tryptic digestion, and the peptides profiles by liquid chromatog.-electrospray ionization-mass spectrometry (LC-ESI-MS) on a high-resolution time-of-flight (TOF) instrument. Peptide markers whose expression is elevated in RA or decreased in RA are identified. Such markers may be used to diagnose and treat RA, monitor progression of the disease, evaluate therapeutic interventions, and screen candidate drugs in a clin. or preclin. trial.

=> file .chemistry  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
13.58	20.79

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-0.78	-0.78

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam. All rights reserved.

FILE 'COMPENDEX' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
Compendex Compilation and Indexing (C) 2007  
Elsevier Engineering Information Inc (EEI). All rights reserved.  
Compendex (R) is a registered Trademark of Elsevier Engineering Information Inc.

FILE 'ANABSTR' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF CHEMISTRY (RSC)

FILE 'CERAB' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'METADEX' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:26:50 ON 23 JAN 2007  
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> DKFZp434P1818.1

L16	1 FILE CAPLUS
L17	0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L18	0 FILE COMPENDEX
L19	0 FILE ANABSTR
L20	0 FILE CERAB
L21	0 FILE METADEX
L22	1 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L23 2 DKFZP434P1818.1

=> DKFZp434

L24	1 FILE CAPLUS
L25	0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L26	0 FILE COMPENDEX
L27	0 FILE ANABSTR
L28	0 FILE CERAB
L29	0 FILE METADEX
L30	8 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L31 9 DKFZP434

=> KIAA1902

L32	6 FILE CAPLUS
L33	0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L34	0 FILE COMPENDEX
L35	0 FILE ANABSTR
L36	0 FILE CERAB
L37	0 FILE METADEX
L38	6 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L39 12 KIAA1902

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):L39

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L39

L40 11 DUP REM L39 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> d l40 ibib abs total

L40 ANSWER 1 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:92771 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Molecular toxicology modeling  
 INVENTOR(S): Mendrick, Donna, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 Porter, Mark, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 Johnson, Kory, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 Higgs, Brandon, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 Castle, Arthur, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 Elashoff, Michael, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): GENE LOGIC, INC. (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2006078900	A1	20060413
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2005-36196	A1	20050118 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 2002-152319, filed on 22 May 2002, PENDING		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2001-292335P	20010522 (60)
	US 2001-297523P	20010613 (60)
	US 2001-298925P	20010619 (60)
	US 2001-303810P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-303807P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-303808P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-315047P	20010828 (60)
	US 2001-324928P	20010927 (60)
	US 2001-330867P	20011101 (60)
	US 2001-330462P	20011022 (60)
	US 2001-331805P	20011121 (60)
	US 2001-336144P	20011206 (60)
	US 2001-340873P	20011219 (60)
	US 2002-357843P	20020221 (60)
	US 2002-357842P	20020221 (60)
	US 2002-357844P	20020221 (60)
	US 2002-364134P	20020315 (60)
	US 2002-370206P	20020408 (60)
	US 2002-370247P	20020408 (60)
	US 2002-370144P	20020408 (60)
	US 2002-371679P	20020412 (60)
	US 2002-372794P	20020417 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1111 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE  
 NW, WASHINGTON, DC, 20004, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 2  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 LINE COUNT: 28570

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is based on the elucidation of the global changes in gene expression and the identification of toxicity markers in tissues or cells exposed to a known renal toxin. The genes may be used as toxicity markers in drug screening and toxicity assays. The invention includes a database of genes characterized by toxin-induced differential expression that is designed for use with microarrays and other solid-phase probes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L40 ANSWER 2 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:27403 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Tissue-specific imaging and therapeutic agents  
 targeting proteins expressed on lung endothelial cell surface

INVENTOR(S): Schnitzer, Jan E., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES  
Oh, Philip, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sidney Kimmel Cancer Center, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2006024231	A1	20060202
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2005-143114	A1	20050602 (11)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-576114P	20040602 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C., 530 VIRGINIA ROAD, P.O. BOX 9133, CONCORD, MA, 01742-9133, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	40	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	3710	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods of delivering an agent in a tissue-specific manner, particularly lung tissue, by targeting a protein expressed on the endothelial cell surface, are described. The methods can be used for detecting, imaging and/or treating pathologies, as well as for diagnostics.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L40 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:394682 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:445550  
TITLE: Gene expression profiles for the diagnosis and prognosis of breast cancer  
INVENTOR(S): Erlander, Mark; Ma, Xiao-Jun; Wang, Wei; Wittliff, James L.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Arcturus Bioscience, Inc. University of Louisville, USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 40 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005095607	A1	20050505	US 2004-795092	20040305
WO 2005098037	A1	20051020	WO 2004-US6760	20040305
WO 2005098037	A8	20060209		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1651772	A1	20060503	EP 2004-718019	20040305
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-453006P	P 20030307

AB The invention relates to the identification and use of gene expression profiles, or patterns, suitable for identification of breast cancer patient populations with different survival outcomes. The gene expression profiles may be embodied in nucleic acid expression, protein expression, or other expression formats, and may be used in the study and/or determination of the prognosis of a patient, including breast cancer survival.

L40 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1311323 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:47000  
 TITLE: Lung endothelial cell associated marker proteins as targets for tissue-specific imaging and therapeutical agents in diagnosis and therapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Schnitzer, Jan E.; Oh, Phillip  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sidney Kimmel Cancer Center, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005117977	A2	20051215	WO 2005-US19398	20050602
WO 2005117977	A3	20060202		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

US 2006024231 A1 20060202 US 2005-143114 20050602

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-576114P P 20040602

AB Methods of delivering an agent in a tissue-specific manner, particularly lung tissue, by targeting a protein expressed on the endothelial cell surface, are described. The methods can be used for detecting, imaging and/or treating pathologies, as well as for diagnostics. Specifically claimed are a series of lung endothelial cell associated marker proteins for diagnostic and therapeutical uses, in particular TIE-2, APN, TEM4, TEM6, ICAM-1, nucleolin, P2Z receptor, Trk-A, FLJ10849, HSPA12B, APP, and OX-45.

L40 ANSWER 5 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:75183 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Association of FHOD2 with common type 2 diabetes mellitus  
 INVENTOR(S): Dong, Shouliao, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affymetrix, INC., Santa Clara, CA (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005064480	A1	20050324
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-917647	A1	20040813 (10)

NUMBER	DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-495624P 20030815 (60)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: AFFYMETRIX, INC, ATTN: CHIEF IP COUNSEL, LEGAL DEPT.,  
3380 CENTRAL EXPRESSWAY, SANTA CLARA, CA, 95051  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1209

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB FHOD2 has been identified as a type 2 diabetes susceptibility gene. Methods for diagnosing and treating type 2 diabetes and methods for identifying compounds for use in the diagnosis and treatment of diabetes are disclosed. Improved diagnostic methods for early detection of a risk for developing type 2 diabetes mellitus in humans, and screening assays for therapeutic agents useful in the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus, by analyzing the FHOD2 gene or gene products from FHOD2, including variants forms of FHOD2, are disclosed. Indicators of diabetes include variant forms of the FHOD2 protein, variant forms of FHOD2 pre-mRNA or mRNA or variant forms of the genomic DNA of the FHOD2 gene or DNA surrounding FHOD2.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L40 ANSWER 6 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:56659 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Biomarkers for diagnosing rheumatoid arthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Kantor, Aaron B., San Carlos, CA, UNITED STATES  
Becker, Christopher, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Schulman, Howard, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005048574	A1	20050303
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-801990	A1	20040315 (10)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-455037P	20030314 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SWANSON & BRATSCHUN L.L.C., 1745 SHEA CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330, HIGHLANDS RANCH, CO, 80129	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	52	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	6315	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Biological markers for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) are disclosed. Also disclosed are the uses of such markers to diagnose and treat RA, monitor progression of the disease, evaluate therapeutic interventions, and screen candidate drugs in a clinical or preclinical trial.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L40 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:799449 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:294121  
TITLE: Protein markers in body fluids for diagnosing  
rheumatoid arthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Kantor, Aaron B.; Becker, Christopher H.; Schulman,  
Howard  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Surromed Inc., USA; Ppd Biomarker Discovery Sciences,  
LLC  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 184 pp.



DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

CODEN: PIXXD2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004082617	A2	20040930	WO 2004-US7880	20040315
WO 2004082617	A3	20051208		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2004222345	A1	20040930	AU 2004-222345	20040315
CA 2527916	A1	20040930	CA 2004-2527916	20040315
US 2005048574	A1	20050303	US 2004-801990	20040315
EP 1627076	A2	20060222	EP 2004-720815	20040315
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	US 2003-455037P P 20030314 WO 2004-US7880 W 20040315			

AB Biol. markers for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) are disclosed. A high-mol.-weight fraction separated from serum samples from patients with RA or from non-RA subjects was subjected to tryptic digestion, and the peptides profiles by liquid chromatog.-electrospray ionization-mass spectrometry (LC-ESI-MS) on a high-resolution time-of-flight (TOF) instrument. Peptide markers whose expression is elevated in RA or decreased in RA are identified. Such markers may be used to diagnose and treat RA, monitor progression of the disease, evaluate therapeutic interventions, and screen candidate drugs in a clin. or preclin. trial.

L40 ANSWER 8 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:94708 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Molecular toxicology modeling  
INVENTOR(S): Mendrick, Donna, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Porter, Mark, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Johnson, Kory, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Higgs, Brandon, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Castle, Arthur, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Elashoff, Michael, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004072160	A1	20040415
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2002-152319	A1	20020522 (10)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2001-292335P	20010522 (60)
	US 2001-297523P	20010613 (60)
	US 2001-298925P	20010619 (60)
	US 2001-303810P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-303807P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-303808P	20010710 (60)
	US 2001-315047P	20010828 (60)
	US 2001-324928P	20010927 (60)

US 2001-330867P	20011101 (60)
US 2001-330462P	20011022 (60)
US 2001-331805P	20011121 (60)
US 2001-336144P	20011206 (60)
US 2001-340873P	20011219 (60)
US 2002-357843P	20020221 (60)
US 2002-357842P	20020221 (60)
US 2002-357844P	20020221 (60)
US 2002-364134P	20020315 (60)
US 2002-370206P	20020408 (60)
US 2002-370247P	20020408 (60)
US 2002-370144P	20020408 (60)
US 2002-371679P	20020412 (60)
US 2002-372794P	20020417 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1111 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE  
 NW, WASHINGTON, DC, 20004  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 59  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 LINE COUNT: 27909  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is based on the elucidation of the global changes in gene expression and the identification of toxicity markers in tissues or cells exposed to a known renal toxin. The genes may be used as toxicity markers in drug screening and toxicity assays. The invention includes a database of genes characterized by toxin-induced differential expression that is designed for use with microarrays and other solid-phase probes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L40 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:347717 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:47932  
 TITLE: Identification and characterization of human FMNL1, FMNL2 and FMNL3 genes in silico  
 AUTHOR(S): Katoh, Masuko; Katoh, Masaru  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: M&M Medical BioInformatics, Narashino, 275-0022, Japan  
 SOURCE: International Journal of Oncology (2003), 22(5), 1161-1168  
 CODEN: IJONES; ISSN: 1019-6439  
 PUBLISHER: International Journal of Oncology  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB FMNL (NM\_005892.2) is a 5'-truncated partial cDNA encoding a Formin-homol. protein related to DAAM1, DAAM2, DIAPH1 and DIAPH2. Here, we identified three members of FMNL gene family in the human genome by using bioinformatics. FMNL1 gene, corresponding to 5'-truncated KW-13 and FMNL cDNAs, was located within reference genomic contig NT\_010748.9 (nucleotide position 100576-125849, forward orientation). FMNL2 gene, corresponding to KIAA1902 and FHOD2 cDNAs, was located within NT\_005151.10 (nucleotide position 122465-436828, forward orientation). FMNL3 gene, corresponding to 5'-truncated DKFZp762B245 and KIAA2014 cDNAs, was located within NT\_026397.10 (nucleotide position 209769-279037, reverse orientation). FMNL1, FMNL2 and FMNL3 genes encode A and B isoforms with the C-terminal divergence due to alternative splicing (cassette splicing of exon 26). FMNL1A (1100 aa), FMNL1B (1114 aa), FMNL2A (1087 aa), FMNL2B (1093 aa), FMNL3A (1028 aa) and FMNL3B (1027 aa) consist of FDD, FH1 and FH2 domains. Total amino-acid identity were as follows: FMNL1A vs. FMNL2A, 59.3%; FMNL1A vs. FMNL3A, 56.1%; FMNL2A vs. FMNL3A, 68.6%. FMNL1 gene was mapped to human chromosome 17q21. FMNL2 gene was linked to FBNP3/HYPA gene on chromosome 2q23.3, while FMNL3 gene was linked to FBNP3L/HYPC gene on chromosome 12q13. FMNL1 mRNA was expressed in natural

killer cells, Burkitt lymphoma, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, and lung large cell carcinoma, FMNL2 mRNA in several normal tissues, diffuse-type gastric cancer, breast cancer, chondrosarcoma, melanoma, and glioblastoma, and FMNL3 mRNA in gastric cancer. FMNL1, FMNL2 and FMNL3 might be implicated in polarity control, invasion, migration, or metastasis through regulation of the Rho-related signaling pathway.

REFERENCE COUNT: 72 THERE ARE 72 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L40 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:992481 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:194154  
TITLE: Identification and characterization of human GRID2IP gene and rat Grid2ip gene in silico  
AUTHOR(S): Katoh, Masuko; Katoh, Masaru  
CORPORATE SOURCE: M and M Medical BioInformatics, Narashino, 275-0022, Japan  
SOURCE: International Journal of Molecular Medicine (2003), 12(6), 1015-1019  
CODEN: IJMMFG; ISSN: 1107-3756  
PUBLISHER: International Journal of Molecular Medicine  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Formin-homol. proteins are implicated in the cell polarity control through the assembly of specific actin structures. FMNL1/KW - 13/FMNL, FMNL2/KIAA1902/FHOD2, FMNL3/KIAA2014, DAAM1, DAAM2, DIAPH1 and DIAPH2 are Formin-homol. proteins with the FDD domain, while Fmn1, Fmn2, FHOD1 and Grid2ip/Delphinin are Formin-homol. proteins without the FDD domain. Mouse Grid2ip links glutamate receptor  $\delta 2$  subunit with actin cytoskeleton and various signaling mols. Here, we identified and characterized human GRID2IP gene as well as rat Grid2ip gene by using bioinformatics. Human GRID2IP gene was identified within human genome sequence CTD-2195F21 (AC072052.6). Human GRID2IP gene, consisting of 21 exons, was mapped to human chromosome 7p22.1. Rat Grid2ip gene, consisting of 21 exons, was identified within rat genome sequence CH230-82F18 (AC126572.3). Human GRID2IP (1020 aa) showed 91.7% total-amino-acid identity with rat Grid2ip (1024 aa), and 92.7% total-amino-acid identity with mouse Grid2ip. Human GRID2IP protein was found to consist of PDZ domain (codon 94-166), GRCAH domain (codon 204-269), FH1 domain (codon 559-621), and FH2 domain (codon 640-1005). GRCAH domain identified in this study was conserved among mammalian GRID2IP orthologs and mammalian CIP98/KIAA1526 orthologs. This is the first report on comprehensive characterization of human GRID2IP gene as well as on identification of GRCAH domain.

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L40 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:271243 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:1736  
TITLE: Identification and characterization of human DAAM2 gene in silico  
AUTHOR(S): Katoh, Masuko; Katoh, Masaru  
CORPORATE SOURCE: M&M Medical BioInformatics, Narashino, 275-0022, Japan  
SOURCE: International Journal of Oncology (2003), 22(4), 915-920  
CODEN: IJONES; ISSN: 1019-6439  
PUBLISHER: International Journal of Oncology  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB WNT signals play key roles in carcinogenesis and embryogenesis through the specification of cell fate and polarity. Dishevelled proteins are implicated in the WNT -  $\beta$ -catenin pathway and the WNT-PCP pathway. DAAM1/KIAA0666 is a Dishevelled-binding protein transducing WNT signals to

the PCP pathway. Here, we identified and characterized DAAM2 gene by using bioinformatics. Uncharacterized FLJ34430 and KIAA0381 cDNAs were homologous to DAAM1. FLJ34430 was recombined with URB (XM\_087331) in the 3'-region, and KIAA0381 was truncated in the 5'-region. Nucleotide sequence of DAAM2 cDNA was determined in silico by adding nucleotide position 1-793 of FLJ34430 onto the 5'-end of KIAA0381. DAAM2 gene consists of 27 exons, and gives rise to four splicing variants due to alternative splicing of alternative promoter type as well as of cassette exon type. DAAM2 gene was linked to the MOCS1 gene on human chromosome 6p21.3 with an interval less than 1 kb. DAAM2 mRNA was expressed in fetal heart, adult hypothalamus, eye, spinal cord, lung, prostate, kidney, and also in glioblastoma, oligodendroglioma, melanoma, mammary adenocarcinoma and chondrosarcoma. DAAM2 was a 1077-amino-acid protein with Formin-homol. FH1 and FH2 domains, which showed 68.9% total-amino-acid identity with DAAM1. Among Formin-homol. proteins, FDD (Formin-like, Diaphanous, Daam) domain was conserved in FMNL1/FMNL/KW-13, FMNL2/KIAA1902/FHOD2, DIAPH1, DIAPH2, DAAM1 and DAAM2, but not in Fmn1, Fmn2, FHOD1 and Grid2i.p. Therefore, it was concluded that FMNL1, FMNL2, DIAPH1, DIAPH2, DAAM1 and DAAM2 proteins constitute the Formin-homol. FDD subfamily.

REFERENCE COUNT: 69 THERE ARE 69 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> file .meeting

'EVENTLINE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignroe

'IGNROE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

'MEDICONE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
43.62	64.41

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-4.68	-5.46

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007

FILE 'BIOTECHNO' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CONFSCI' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'HEALSAFE' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'IMSDRUGCONF' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 IMSWORLD Publications Ltd.

FILE 'LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'PASCAL' ENTERED AT 10:29:19 ON 23 JAN 2007  
Any reproduction or dissemination in part or in full,  
by means of any process and on any support whatsoever  
is prohibited without the prior written agreement of INIST-CNRS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.

```
=> KIAA1902
L41      0 FILE AGRICOLA
L42      0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L43      0 FILE CONFSCI
L44      0 FILE HEALSAFE
L45      0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L46      0 FILE LIFESCI
L47      2 FILE PASCAL
```

```
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L48      2 KIAA1902
```

```
=> dup rme
ENTER REMOVE, IDENTIFY, ONLY, OR (?):rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):l47
'RME' IS NOT VALID. VALID FILE NAMES ARE 'PASCAL'
You have entered a file name of duplicates to keep that is not
referenced by any of the L#s specified for this DUPLICATE command.
The file names of duplicates that can be kept are listed above.
Please enter one of these file names.
```

```
=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):l47
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L47
L49      2 DUP REM L47 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
```

```
=> d l49 ibib abs total
```

```
L49  ANSWER 1 OF 2  PASCAL  COPYRIGHT 2007 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on
      STN
```

```
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2003-0265096  PASCAL
COPYRIGHT NOTICE:      Copyright .COPYRGT. 2003 INIST-CNRS. All rights
                        reserved.
TITLE (IN ENGLISH):      Identification and characterization of human FMNL1,
                        FMNL2 and FMNL3 genes in silico
AUTHOR:                  KATO Masuko; KATO Masaru
CORPORATE SOURCE:        M&M Medical Bioinformatics, Narashino 275-0022, Japan;
                        Genetics and Cell Biology Section, Genetics Division,
                        National Cancer Center Research Institute, Tokyo
                        104-0045, Japan
SOURCE:                  International journal of oncology, (2003), 22(5),
                        1161-1168, 72 refs.
                        ISSN: 1019-6439
DOCUMENT TYPE:           Journal
BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL:     Analytic
COUNTRY:                 Greece
LANGUAGE:                 English
AVAILABILITY:            INIST-26333, 354000109840200290
AN  2003-0265096  PASCAL
CP  Copyright .COPYRGT. 2003 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.
AB  FMNL (NM--005892.2) is a 5'-truncated partial cDNA encoding a
    Formin-homology protein related to DAAM1, DAAM2, DIAPH1 and DIAPH2. Here,
    we identified three members of FMNL gene family in the human genome by
```

using bioinformatics. FMNL1 gene, corresponding to 5'-truncated KW-13 and FMNL cDNAs, was located within reference genomic contig NT--010748.9 (nucleotide position 100576-125849, forward orientation). FMNL2 gene, corresponding to KIAA1902 and FHOD2 cDNAs, was located within NT--005151.10 (nucleotide position 122465-436828, forward orientation). FMNL3 gene, corresponding to 5'-truncated DKFZp762B245 and KIAA2014 cDNAs, was located within NT--026397.10 (nucleotide position 209769-279037, reverse orientation). FMNL1, FMNL2 and FMNL3 genes encode A and B isoforms with the C-terminal divergence due to alternative splicing (cassette splicing of exon 26). FMNL1A (1100 aa), FMNL1B (1114 aa), FMNL2A (1087 aa), FMNL2B (1093 aa), FMNL3A (1028 aa) and FMNL3B (1027 aa) consist of FDD, FH1 and FH2 domains. Total amino-acid identity were as follows: FMNL1A vs. FMNL2A, 59.3%; FMNL1A vs. FMNL3A, 56.1%; FMNL2A vs. FMNL3A, 68.6%. FMNL1 gene was mapped to human chromosome 17q21. FMNL2 gene was linked to FBNP3/HYPA gene on chromosome 2q23.3, while FMNL3 gene was linked to FBNP3L/HYPC gene on chromosome 12q13. FMNL1 mRNA was expressed in natural killer cells, Burkitt lymphoma, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, and lung large cell carcinoma, FMNL2 mRNA in several normal tissues, diffuse-type gastric cancer, breast cancer, chondrosarcoma, melanoma, and glioblastoma, and FMNL3 mRNA in gastric cancer. FMNL1, FMNL2 and FMNL3 might be implicated in polarity control, invasion, migration, or metastasis through regulation of the Rho-related signaling pathway.

L49 ANSWER 2 OF 2 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2007 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-0234071 PASCAL  
 COPYRIGHT NOTICE: Copyright .COPYRGT. 2003 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.  
 TITLE (IN ENGLISH): Identification and characterization of human DAAM2 gene in silico  
 AUTHOR: KATOH Masuko; KATOH Masaru  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: M&M Medical Bioinformatics, Narashino 275-0022, Japan; Genetics and Cell Biology Section, Genetics Division, National Cancer Center Research Institute, Tokyo 104-0045, Japan  
 SOURCE: International journal of oncology, (2003), 22(4), 915-920, 69 refs.  
 ISSN: 1019-6439  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic  
 COUNTRY: Greece  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AVAILABILITY: INIST-26333, 354000109364000280  
 AN 2003-0234071 PASCAL  
 CP Copyright .COPYRGT. 2003 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.  
 AB WNT signals play key roles in carcinogenesis and embryogenesis through the specification of cell fate and polarity. Dishevelled proteins are implicated in the WNT -  $\beta$ -catenin pathway and the WNT-PCP pathway. DAAM1/ KIAA0666 is a Dishevelled-binding protein transducing WNT signals to the PCP pathway. Here, we identified and characterized DAAM2 gene by using bioinformatics. Uncharacterized FLJ34430 and KIAA0381 cDNAs were homologous to DAAM1. FLJ34430 was recombined with URB (XM--087331) in the 3'-region, and KIAA0381 was truncated in the 5'-region. Nucleotide sequence of DAAM2 cDNA was determined in silico by adding nucleotide position 1-793 of FLJ34430 onto the 5'-end of KIAA0381. DAAM2 gene consists of 27 exons, and gives rise to four splicing variants due to alternative splicing of alternative promoter type as well as of cassette exon type. DAAM2 gene was linked to the MOC51 gene on human chromosome 6p21.3 with an interval less than 1 kb. DAAM2 mRNA was expressed in fetal heart, adult hypothalamus, eye, spinal cord, lung, prostate, kidney, and also in glioblastoma, oligodendroglioma, melanoma, mammary adenocarcinoma and chondrosarcoma. DAAM2 was a 1077-amino-acid protein with Formin-homology FH1 and FH2 domains, which showed 68.9% total-amino-acid

identity with DAAM1. Among Formin-homology proteins, FDD (Formin-like, Diaphanous, Daam) domain was conserved in FMNL1/ FMNL/KW-13, FMNL2/ KIAA1902/FHOD2, DIAPH1, DIAPH2, DAAM1 and DAAM2, but not in Fmn1, Fmn2, FHOD1 and Grid2ip. Therefore, it was concluded that FMNL1, FMNL2, DIAPH1, DIAPH2, DAAM1 and DAAM2 proteins constitute the Formin-homology FDD subfamily.

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:sssptal641cxc

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 OCT 23 The Derwent World Patents Index suite of databases on STN  
has been enhanced and reloaded  
NEWS 4 OCT 30 CHEMLIST enhanced with new search and display field  
NEWS 5 NOV 03 JAPIO enhanced with IPC 8 features and functionality  
NEWS 6 NOV 10 CA/CAPLUS F-Term thesaurus enhanced  
NEWS 7 NOV 10 STN Express with Discover! free maintenance release Version  
8.01c now available  
NEWS 8 NOV 20 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in  
additional databases  
NEWS 9 NOV 20 CA/CAPLUS to MARPAT accession number crossover limit increased  
to 50,000  
NEWS 10 DEC 01 CAS REGISTRY updated with new ambiguity codes  
NEWS 11 DEC 11 CAS REGISTRY chemical nomenclature enhanced  
NEWS 12 DEC 14 WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX manual codes updated  
NEWS 13 DEC 14 GBFULL and FRFULL enhanced with IPC 8 features and  
functionality  
NEWS 14 DEC 18 CA/CAPLUS pre-1967 chemical substance index entries enhanced  
with preparation role  
NEWS 15 DEC 18 CA/CAPLUS patent kind codes updated  
NEWS 16 DEC 18 MARPAT to CA/CAPLUS accession number crossover limit increased  
to 50,000  
NEWS 17 DEC 18 MEDLINE updated in preparation for 2007 reload  
NEWS 18 DEC 27 CA/CAPLUS enhanced with more pre-1907 records  
NEWS 19 JAN 08 CHEMLIST enhanced with New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals  
  
NEWS EXPRESS NOVEMBER 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01c, CURRENT  
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 25 SEPTEMBER 2006.  
  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8  
NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that  
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer  
agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific  
research. Use for software development or design or implementation  
of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may  
result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:39:26 ON 11 JAN 2007



=> file .meeting

'EVENTLINE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

'MEDICONF' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):ignore

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.21	0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

FILE 'BIOTECHNO' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CONFSCI' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'HEALSAFE' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'IMSDRUGCONF' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 IMSWORLD Publications Ltd.

FILE 'LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'PASCAL' ENTERED AT 15:39:51 ON 11 JAN 2007

Any reproduction or dissemination in part or in full, by means of any process and on any support whatsoever is prohibited without the prior written agreement of INIST-CNRS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.

=> (arthritis? or osteoarthritis? or anti-arthritis?) and (alpha-1-antichymotrypsin precursor)

L1	0 FILE AGRICOLA
L2	0 FILE BIOTECHNO
L3	0 FILE CONFSCI
L4	0 FILE HEALSAFE
L5	0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L6	0 FILE LIFESCI
L7	0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L8	0 (ARTHRIT? OR OSTEOARTHRIT? OR ANTI-ARTHRIT?) AND (ALPHA-1-ANTICHYMOTRYPSIN PRECURSOR)
----	---

=> (arthritis? or osteoarthritis? or anti-arthritis?) and (alpha(3A)chymotrypsin)

L9	0 FILE AGRICOLA
L10	4 FILE BIOTECHNO
L11	0 FILE CONFSCI
L12	0 FILE HEALSAFE
L13	0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L14	2 FILE LIFESCI

L15 4 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L16 10 (ARTHRIT? OR OSTEOARTHRIT? OR ANTI-ARTHRIT?) AND (ALPHA(3A)  
CHYMOTRYPSIN)

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):l16

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'IMSDRUGCONF'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L16

L17 7 DUP REM L16 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> l17 and (marker or biomarker)

L18 0 S L17  
L19 0 FILE AGRICOLA  
L20 4 S L17  
L21 1 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L22 0 S L17  
L23 0 FILE CONFSCI  
L24 0 S L17  
L25 0 FILE HEALSAFE  
L26 0 S L17  
L27 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L28 0 S L17  
L29 0 FILE LIFESCI  
L30 3 S L17  
L31 0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L32 1 L17 AND (MARKER OR BIOMARKER)

=> d l32 ibib abs total

L32 ANSWER 1 OF 1 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:28378312 BIOTECHNO

TITLE: Linkage of cytokine genes to rheumatoid  
arthritis. Evidence of genetic heterogeneity

AUTHOR: John S.; Myerscough A.; Marlow A.; Hajeer A.; Silman  
A.; Ollier W.; Worthington J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. S. John, ARC Epidemiology Research Unit,  
University of Manchester, Stopford Building, Oxford  
Road, Manchester M13 9PT, United Kingdom.

SOURCE: Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, (1998), 57/6  
(361-365), 31 reference(s)  
CODEN: ARDIAO ISSN: 0003-4967

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

COUNTRY: United Kingdom

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AN 1998:28378312 BIOTECHNO

AB Objective - To investigate linkage of candidate disease susceptibility  
genes to rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in affected sibling pair  
families stratified for specific clinical features. Method - Two hundred  
RA affected sibling pair families were genotyped for informative  
microsatellite markers mapping within or less than 3cM from:  
INF $\alpha$ , INF $\gamma$ , INF $\beta$ , IL1 $\alpha$ , IL1 $\beta$ , IL1R, IL2, IL6,  
ILSR, ILSR, BCL2, CD40L, NOS3, NRAMP,  $\alpha$ .sub.1 anti-trypsins and  
 $\alpha$ .sub.1, anti-chymotrypsin, using fluorescence  
based automated technology. Linkage was examined by defining allele  
sharing sibling pairs. This was assessed by maximum likelihood -  
inheritance by descent methods. Results - An increase in allele sharing  
was seen for ILSR in female sibling pairs (LOD 0.91, p = 0.03), for  
INF $\gamma$  in sibling pairs with an affected male (LOD 0.96, p = 0.03)

and most significantly for IL2 in sibling pairs where one or both were persistently seronegative (LOD 1.05,  $p = 0.02$ ). Conclusion - Weak evidence of linkage of RA to IL5R, IFN $\gamma$ , and IL2 has been detected in clinical subsets of sibling pairs suggesting that RA is a genetically heterogeneous disease.

=> (arthritis? or osteoarthritis? or anti-arthritis?) and (alpha(3A)glycoprotein)

```
L33      0 FILE AGRICOLA
L34      28 FILE BIOTECHNO
L35       5 FILE CONFSCI
L36       0 FILE HEALSAFE
L37       0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L38      16 FILE LIFESCI
L39      31 FILE PASCAL
```

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

```
L40      80 (ARTHRIT? OR OSTEOARTHRIT? OR ANTI-ARTHRIT?) AND (ALPHA(3A)
          GLYCOPROTEIN)
```

=> l28 and l16 and marker

```
L41       0 FILE LIFESCI
```

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

```
L42       0 L28 AND L16 AND MARKER
```

=> l40 and (marker or biomarker)

```
L43       0 FILE AGRICOLA
L44       6 FILE BIOTECHNO
L45       0 FILE CONFSCI
L46       0 FILE HEALSAFE
L47       0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF
L48       2 FILE LIFESCI
L49       6 FILE PASCAL
```

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

```
L50      14 L40 AND (MARKER OR BIOMARKER)
```

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):l50

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'IMSDRUGCONF'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L50

```
L51       9.DUP REM L50 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
```

=> d l51 ibib abs total

```
L51  ANSWER 1 OF 9  BIOTECHNO  COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN
      DUPLICATE
```

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:37098981 BIOTECHNO

TITLE: High resolution mapping of an arthritis  
susceptibility locus on rat chromosome 4, and  
characterization of regulated phenotypes

AUTHOR: Ribbhammar U.; Flornes L.; Backdahl L.; Luthman H.;  
Fossum S.; Lorentzen J.C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: J.C. Lorentzen, Department of Medicine, Rheumatology  
Unit, Karolinska Institutet, S-171 76 Stockholm,  
Sweden.

E-mail: johnny.lorentzen@cmm.ki.se

SOURCE: Human Molecular Genetics, (01 SEP 2003), 12/17  
(2087-2096), 61 reference(s)

CODEN: HMGEES ISSN: 0964-6906

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

COUNTRY: United Kingdom

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AN 2003:37098981 BIOTECHNO

AB The rat Natural Killer cell gene Complex (NKC) encodes molecules that can regulate immunity. It is located within an interval on DA rat chromosome 4 (RNO4) that is linked to immune-mediated inflammatory joint diseases, including oil-induced arthritis (OIA). We aimed to test the hypothesis that NKC regulates arthritis, by performing advanced mapping of arthritis and additional phenotypes induced by an intradermal injection of incomplete Freund's adjuvant-oil. Reciprocal transfer of RNO4 intervals established that alleles from DA confer arthritis susceptibility to inbred LEW.1AV1 and PVG.1AV1 rats, whereas LEW.1AV1 and PVG.1AV1 alleles confer resistance to inbred DA. Subcongenic strains with PVG.1AV1 alleles introduced on DA allowed mapping of disease predisposition to 0.8 cM on the cytogenetic band 4q42, within the quantitative trait locus oil-induced arthritis-2 (Oia2), but outside the NKC. Alleles in Oia2 regulated arthritis in an additive fashion, and determined arthritis incidence, severity and day of onset, in both males and females. Besides macroscopic joint-inflammation, Oia2 also regulated other oil-induced phenotypes, including lymphoplasia and plasma levels of the inflammation marker .alpha.1-acid glycoprotein. The high-impact Oia2 region harbors gene sequences similar to human C3AR1, Ribosomal protein L7, DNAJA2, C-type lectins, C1s and CD163. These candidate disease genes may be of general interest, given that rat 4q42, and the syntenic mouse 6F2 and human 12p13 regions are linked to several inflammatory diseases, including rheumatoid arthritis.

L51 ANSWER 2 OF 9 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN  
DUPLICATE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:34121673 BIOTECHNO

TITLE: Genetic links between the acute-phase response and arthritis development in rats

AUTHOR: Olofsson P.; Nordquist N.; Vingsbo-Lundberg C.;  
Larsson A.; Falkenberg C.; Pettersson U.;  
Åkerstrom B.; Holmdahl R..

CORPORATE SOURCE: P. Olofsson, Medical Inflammation Research, I11 BMC  
22184, Lund, Sweden.

SOURCE: E-mail: peter.olofsson@inflam.lu.se  
Arthritis and Rheumatism, (2002), 46/1 (259-268), 48  
reference(s)

CODEN: ARHEAW ISSN: 0004-3591

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

COUNTRY: United States

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AN 2002:34121673 BIOTECHNO

AB Objective. The acute-phase inflammatory response is closely correlated with the development of rheumatoid arthritis, but the pathophysiologic role of its specific components is largely unknown. We investigated the genetic control of the acute-phase protein response in pristane-induced arthritis (PIA), which is a chronic erosive arthritis model in rats. Methods. Plasma levels of the acute-phase proteins interleukin-6 (IL-6), .alpha..sub.1-acid glycoprotein (orosomucoid), fibrinogen, and .alpha..<sub>1</sub>-inhibitor.<sub>3</sub> were quantified in 3 strains of rats during the development and progression of disease: DA and LEW.1F, which are susceptible to arthritis, and E3, which is resistant. Genetic linkage analysis was performed on an F.<sub>2</sub> intercross between E3 and DA to determine the genetic control of the acute-phase response in arthritis. Elevated levels of .alpha..<sub>1</sub>-acid glycoprotein were associated with acute inflammation, whereas levels of IL-6 were increased during the entire course of the disease. Results. Using these acute-phase markers as quantitative traits

in linkage analysis revealed a colocalization of loci controlling the acute-phase response and regions previously shown to control the development of arthritis in chromosomes 10, 12, and 14. In addition, 2 loci that were not associated with arthritis were found to regulate serum levels of the acute-phase protein Apr1 (acute-phase response 1) at the telomeric end of chromosome 12 and Apr2 on chromosome 5. Conclusion. The PIA model in rats is a useful tool for understanding some of the pathways leading to chronic erosive arthritis. The analysis of acute-phase proteins in PIA and its application as quantitative traits for studying the genetics of arthritis will promote the understanding of the genetic regulation of the acute-phase response.

L51 ANSWER 3 OF 9 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN  
DUPLICATE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:34114039 BIOTECHNO  
TITLE: Fucosylation of .alpha.1-acid glycoprotein (orosomucoid) compared with traditional biochemical markers of inflammation in recent onset rheumatoid arthritis  
AUTHOR: Ryden I.; Pahlsson P.; Lundblad A.; Skogh T.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: I. Ryden, Department of Clinical Chemistry, Kalmar County Hospital, S-39185 Kalmar, Sweden.  
E-mail: ingvar.ryden@swipnet.se  
SOURCE: Clinica Chimica Acta, (2002), 317/1-2 (221-229), 16 reference(s)  
CODEN: CCATAR ISSN: 0009-8981  
PUBLISHER ITEM IDENT.: S0009898101008038  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article  
COUNTRY: Netherlands  
LANGUAGE: English  
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English  
AN 2002:34114039 BIOTECHNO  
AB Background: Fucosylation of .alpha.1-acid glycoprotein (AGP, orosomucoid) has previously been found to be increased in patients with rheumatoid arthritis. Furthermore, the degree of fucosylation has been suggested to reflect disease activity. Therefore, we investigated the fucosylation of AGP in 131 patients (96 women and 35 men) with recent onset rheumatoid arthritis (RA). We compared the results with traditional biochemical markers of inflammation, i.e. plasma concentrations of AGP (P-AGP), and C-reactive protein (P-CRP). Methods: AGP fucosylation measured with a novel lectin enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) was compared with a disease activity score (DAS28) and its components, and with P-AGP, and P-CRP at the time of diagnosis, and at a follow-up visit 1 year later. Results: Both men and women with RA had increased AGP fucosylation compared to healthy individuals. We found a weak correlation between AGP fucosylation and DAS28 only in men. In men with initially increased AGP fucosylation, the level of fucosylation correlated with the change in DAS28 during the first year following diagnosis. Conclusion: We conclude that AGP fucosylation is not superior to traditional markers of disease activity in RA. However, AGP fucosylation may give some additional information to traditional biochemical markers on the disease progression in men. .COPYRGHT. 2002 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

L51 ANSWER 4 OF 9 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN  
DUPLICATE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:32229360 BIOTECHNO  
TITLE: Rats made congenic for OIa3 on chromosome 10 become susceptible to squalene-induced arthritis  
AUTHOR: Holm B.C.; Xu H.W.; Jacobsson L.; Larsson A.; Luthman H.; Lorentzen J.C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: B.C. Holm, Rheumatology Research, Center for Molecular  
Medicine, S-17176 Stockholm, Sweden.  
E-mail: barbro.holm@cmm.ki.se  
SOURCE: Human Molecular Genetics, (15 MAR 2001), 10/6  
(565-572), 43 reference(s)  
CODEN: HMGEE5 ISSN: 0964-6906  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article  
COUNTRY: United Kingdom  
LANGUAGE: English  
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AN 2001:32229360 BIOTECHNO

AB Several quantitative trait loci (QTLs) regulating the risk of  
experimental arthritis have been identified by genome-wide  
linkage analyses, but only the MHC has thus far been reported to transfer  
arthritis susceptibility in congenic animals. We have produced a  
congenic strain for Oia3, a genetic factor originally identified as an  
oil-induced arthritis (OIA) QTL in arthritis-prone DA  
rats. A 46 cM telomeric region of chromosome 10 encompassing Oia3 was  
transferred from DA rats to MHC-identical but minutely arthritis  
-susceptible LEW.1AV1 rats by selective breeding. Arthritis  
development was provoked in Oia3-congenic rats by intradermal injection  
of different adjuvant oils. One successful arthritis trigger  
was squalene, which is approved for vaccinations in humans and has been  
implicated in Gulf War syndrome. The endogenous cholesterol precursor  
squalene induced T cell infiltration into joints and macroscopic  
arthritis in Oia3-congenic rats and DA rats, whereas LEW.1AV1  
rats were almost resistant. Arthritis onset, O14 days  
post-injection, coincided with arrested body-weight gain and increased  
plasma levels of the inflammation markers fibrinogen and  
alpha1-acid glycoprotein. Congenic rats displayed  
intermediate phenotypes compared with the two parental strains, and  
similar to rheumatoid arthritis in humans, female preponderance  
was observed in Oia3-congenic rats. Finally, recombinant rat strains were  
constructed and were used to map a susceptibility gene(s) in females to a  
telomeric 4-19 cM Oia3 subregion. The experimental system described  
allows transformation of multifactorial arthritis  
susceptibility into dichotomous phenotypes.

L51 ANSWER 5 OF 9 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2007 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on  
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-0125427 PASCAL  
COPYRIGHT NOTICE: Copyright .COPYRGT. 1997 INIST-CNRS. All rights  
reserved.  
TITLE (IN ENGLISH): Prediction of articular destruction in rheumatoid  
arthritis : Disease activity markers  
revisited  
AUTHOR: COSTE J.; SPIRA A.; CLERC D.; PAOLOGGI J.-B.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement de Biotastistique et d'Informatique  
Medicale, Hopital Cochin, Paris, France; INSERM Unite  
292, and Service de Rhumatologie, Hopital Ambroise  
Pare, Boulogne, France  
SOURCE: Journal of rheumatology, (1997), 24(1), 28-34, 60  
refs.  
ISSN: 0315-162X CODEN: JRHUA9  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic  
COUNTRY: Canada  
LANGUAGE: English  
AVAILABILITY: INIST-16024, 354000062233910070

AN 1997-0125427 PASCAL

CP Copyright .COPYRGT. 1997 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.

AB Objective. To assess the predictive value for joint damage progression of  
commonly used disease activity or process measures in rheumatoid  
arthritis (RA). Methods. Seventy-two patients fulfilling the

American Rheumatism Association criteria for RA were assessed twice yearly for 2 years. Primary outcome variables were progression of articular destruction, evaluated by Sharp's method, for 6, 12, 18, and 24 month periods. Results. Regression analysis, using random effects linear models, showed that only C-reactive protein,  $\alpha_1$ -acid glycoprotein, iron, and erythrocyte sedimentation rate were significantly, but not independently, associated with 6 month radiographic progression. Traditional clinical measures were not predictive. No assessed marker was able to predict longer term outcome (12 or 18 month joint damage progression). Recent onset disease and older age were also associated with more severe radiographic progression. Conclusion. The lack of association between clinical measures and laboratory markers as predictors of the progression of articular destruction is further evidence of the need to reconsider processes and outcomes in RA. This study also suggests that clinical measures and laboratory markers probably do not reflect the same underlying process, arguing against gathering these measures under the same heading of "disease activity measures."

L51 ANSWER 6 OF 9 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:22079259 BIOTECHNO  
 TITLE: Interleukin-6, soluble interleukin-2 receptor and microheterogeneity of the  $\alpha_1$ -acid glycoprotein: New markers of acute phase reaction?  
 INTERLEUKIN-6 (IL-6), LOSLICHER INTERLEUKIN-2-REZEPTOR (SIL-2R) UND MIKROHETEROGENITAT DES ALPHA-1 SAUREN GLYKOPROTEINS (AGP): NEUE MARKER DER AKUT-PHASE-REAKTION?  
 AUTHOR: Karrer U.; Aeschlimann A.; Fassbender K.; Vogt P.; Muller W.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Rheumatologische, Universitätsklinik, Felix Platter-Spital, Burgfelderstrasse 101, CH-4102 Basel, Switzerland.  
 SOURCE: Schweizerische Medizinische Wochenschrift, (1992), 122/7 (233-236)  
 CODEN: SMWOAS ISSN: 0036-7672  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article  
 COUNTRY: Switzerland  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 SUMMARY LANGUAGE: German; English  
 AN 1992:22079259 BIOTECHNO  
 AB Cytokines and the different glycosylation profiles of some acute phase proteins appear to be of great value in investigating the activity of inflammatory rheumatic diseases. Using an ELISA to measure the serum concentration of sIL-2R and IL-6 and an affinity electrophoresis with Concanavalin A as a lectin to determine the microheterogeneity of the  $\alpha_1$ -acid-glycoprotein (AGP), we tested the sera of 63 patients with various rheumatic and infectious diseases and 17 healthy persons and compared the results with the usual markers of inflammation, e.g. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) and C-reactive protein (CRP), and with the clinical activity of the disease. ESR, CRP and sIL-2R were significantly elevated ( $p < 0.001$ ) in seropositive rheumatoid arthritis (RA) and in acute bacterial infection. ESR and CRP showed a better correlation with the clinical activity of RA than sIL-2R. Marked elevation of IL-6 was found only in 30% of RA patients in the early stage of the acute phase reaction (APR). The AGP reactivity coefficient (AGP-RC) was significantly decreased in RA ( $p < 0.01$ ) but increased in bacterial infections ( $p < 0.001$ ). Our results show that there is no advantage in measuring sIL-2R in the routine diagnosis of rheumatic diseases. Raised IL-6 levels seem to indicate an early stage of APR. If ESR and CRP are elevated, the AGP-RC helps to differentiate between infection and chronic inflammatory rheumatic diseases.

L51 ANSWER 7 OF 9 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2007 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:22061926 BIOTECHNO  
TITLE: Calprotectin (the L1 protein) during surgery in patients with rheumatoid arthritis  
AUTHOR: Berntzen H.B.; Endresen G.K.M.; Fagerhol M.K.; Spiechowicz J.; Mowinckel P.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Oslo Sanitetsforening, Rheumatism Hospital, Akersbakken 27, N-0172 Oslo 1, Norway.  
SOURCE: Scandinavian Journal of Clinical and Laboratory Investigation, (1991), 51/7 (643-650)  
CODEN: SJCLAY ISSN: 0036-5513  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article  
COUNTRY: United Kingdom  
LANGUAGE: English  
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AN 1991:22061926 BIOTECHNO

AB Calprotectin (L1) is a major leukocyte protein which is released during activation or death of neutrophil granulocytes and monocytes. Previous studies have shown that L1 may be a useful marker of disease activity in patients with adult or juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (RA). In the present study, the plasma concentrations of L1 were analysed during shoulder-joint surgery in 16 patients with adult or juvenile RA. Decreased L1 concentrations were found 48 h postoperatively. Thereafter, the L1 concentrations were increased at 72 h, with a following decrease until day 14 postoperatively. In contrast, increased serum concentrations of both C-reactive protein (CRP) and orosomucoid (i.e.  $\alpha$ ..sub.1-acid glycoprotein) were found at 48 h after surgery. Plasma samples obtained before and after surgery were analysed by gel filtration. Approximately 3/4 of the plasma L1 was found in fractions corresponding to the native molecule, while the rest was detected in higher molecular mass fractions. The distribution of L1 antigen in low and high molecular mass regions did not differ between the pre- and postoperative plasma samples. The L1 protein consists of light and heavy chains. Increased serum levels of the cystic fibrosis antigen, which is identical to L1 light chain, have been described in patients with cystic fibrosis. The existence of circulating free L1 chains was presently investigated in plasma obtained before and after surgery. After gel filtration of plasma samples, no free L1 chains were detected by use of enzyme immunoassay and dot blot.

L51 ANSWER 8 OF 9 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2007 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991-0005127 PASCAL  
TITLE (IN ENGLISH): Inflammation and cartilage metabolism in rheumatoid arthritis : studies of the blood markers hyaluronic acid, orosomucoid, and keratan sulfate  
AUTHOR: POOLE A. R.; WITTER J.; ROBERTS N.; PICCOLO F.; BRANDT R.; PAQUIN J.; BARON M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Shriners hosp. crippled children, joint diseases lab., Montreal PQ H3G 1A6, Canada  
SOURCE: Arthritis and Rheumatism, (1990), 33(6), 790-799, 34 refs.  
ISSN: 0004-3591 CODEN: ARHEAW  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic  
COUNTRY: United States  
LANGUAGE: English  
AVAILABILITY: INIST-8711, 354000005048200050

AN 1991-0005127 PASCAL

AB Single analyses of peripheral blood of rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients showed a significant reduction in the mean value for keratan sulfate (KS) compared with that in control subjects, but the mean value for orosomucoid (OM) was elevated compared with that in control



subjects. Some RA patients displayed highly elevated levels of hyaluronic acid (HA), while others exhibited normal levels

L51 ANSWER 9 OF 9 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2007 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989-0057032 PASCAL  
TITLE (IN ENGLISH): Serum  $\alpha$ .sub.1 antichymotrypsin concentration as a marker of disease activity in rheumatoid arthritis  
AUTHOR: CHARD M. D.; CALVIN J.; PRICE C. P.; CAWSTON T. E.; HAZLEMAN B. L.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Addenbrooke hosp., rheumatology res. unit, Cambridge CB2 2QQ, United Kingdom  
SOURCE: Annals of the rheumatic Diseases, (1988), 47(8), 665-671, 22 refs.  
ISSN: 0003-4967 CODEN: ARDIAO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic  
COUNTRY: United Kingdom  
LANGUAGE: English  
AVAILABILITY: CNRS-6381  
AN 1989-0057032 PASCAL  
ABFR La concentration serique d' $\alpha$ .sub.1-anti-chymotrypsine refleete l'evolution de la maladie dans la polyarthrite rhumatismale. Ses avantages possibles sont discutes

=> (arthrit? or osteoarthritis? or anti-arthrit?) and (biomarker or marker)

L52 43 FILE AGRICOLA  
L53 915 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L54 33 FILE CONFSCI  
L55 4 FILE HEALSAFE  
L56 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L57 634 FILE LIFESCI  
L58 1798 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L59 3427 (ARTHRIT? OR OSTEOARTHRIT? OR ANTI-ARTHRIT?) AND (BIOMARKER OR MARKER)

=> l59 and lumican

L60 0 FILE AGRICOLA  
L61 0 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L62 0 FILE CONFSCI  
L63 0 FILE HEALSAFE  
L64 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L65 0 FILE LIFESCI  
L66 0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L67 0 L59 AND LUMICAN

=> l59 and gelsolin

L68 0 FILE AGRICOLA  
L69 0 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L70 0 FILE CONFSCI  
L71 0 FILE HEALSAFE  
L72 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L73 0 FILE LIFESCI  
L74 0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L75 0 L59 AND GELSOLIN

=> 159 and (alpha(3A)glycoprotein)

L76 0 FILE AGRICOLA  
L77 6 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L78 0 FILE CONFSCI  
L79 0 FILE HEALSAFE  
L80 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L81 2 FILE LIFESCI  
L82 6 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L83 14 L59 AND (ALPHA(3A) GLYCOPROTEIN)

=> 159 and gelsolin

L84 0 FILE AGRICOLA  
L85 0 FILE BIOTECHNO  
L86 0 FILE CONFSCI  
L87 0 FILE HEALSAFE  
L88 0 FILE IMSDRUGCONF  
L89 0 FILE LIFESCI  
L90 0 FILE PASCAL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L91 0 L59 AND GELSOLIN

=> file .jacob

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

42.26

42.47

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:52:21 ON 11 JAN 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:52:21 ON 11 JAN 2007

Copyright (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:52:21 ON 11 JAN 2007

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:52:21 ON 11 JAN 2007

Copyright (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:52:21 ON 11 JAN 2007

CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> (arthrit? or osteoarthritis? or anti-arthritis?) and (biomarker or marker)

L92 2599 FILE CAPLUS  
L93 3476 FILE BIOSIS  
L94 4579 FILE MEDLINE  
L95 4017 FILE EMBASE  
L96 22214 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L97 36885 (ARTHRIT? OR OSTEOARTHRIT? OR ANTI-ARTHRIT?) AND (BIOMARKER OR MARKER)

=> 197 and (gelsolin or lumican)

L98 23 FILE CAPLUS  
L99 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L100 2 FILE MEDLINE  
L101 1 FILE EMBASE  
L102 237 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L103 263 L97 AND (GELSOLIN OR LUMICAN)

=> dup rem  
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):198  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L98  
L104 19 DUP REM L98 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l104 ibib abs total

L104 ANSWER 1 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1356822 CAPLUS  
TITLE: Protein profile for osteoarthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Millett, Peter J.; Sarracino, David A.; Krastins, Bryan; Gobezie, Reuben  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Brigham and Women's Hospital, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006138646	A2	20061228	WO 2006-US23619	20060616
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2005-692040P P 20050617  
AB The present invention relates to the identification and use of protein expression profiles with clin. relevance to osteoarthritis (OA). In particular, the invention provides the identity of marker proteins whose expression is correlated with OA and OA progression. Methods and kits are described for using these protein expression profiles in the study and/or diagnosis of OA, in the determination of the degree of advancement of OA, and in the selection and/or monitoring of treatment regimens. The invention also relates to the screening of drugs that modulate expression of these proteins or nucleic acid mols. encoding these proteins, in particular for the development of disease-modifying OA agents.

L104 ANSWER 2 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:156228 CAPLUS  
Correction of: 2005:16967  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:192331  
Correction of: 142:108390  
TITLE: Quantitative RT-PCR method for the detection in blood of microarray-identified rheumatoid arthritis-related gene transcripts for diagnosing and monitoring disease state  
INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 81 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005003394	A1	20050106	US 2004-812782	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood for diagnosing and monitoring diseases. The present invention demonstrates that a simple drop of blood may be used to determine the quant. expression of various mRNAs that reflect the health/disease state of the subject through the use of quant. reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (QRT-PCR) anal. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing and monitoring rheumatoid arthritis using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. The present invention also describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen.

L104 ANSWER 3 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:316302 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:390959  
 TITLE: Identification, assessment, prevention, and therapy of rheumatoid arthritis  
 INVENTOR(S): Guild, Braydon C.; Liao, Hua; Jones, Michael D.; Wu, Jiang; Zolg, Johannes W.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 182 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005032328	A2	20050414	WO 2004-US15761	20040520
WO 2005032328	A3	20051215		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,			

AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,  
SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,  
SN, TD, TG

US 2005142569 A1 20050630 US 2004-849989 20040520  
EP 1625235 A2 20060215 EP 2004-809388 20040520

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-472330P P 20030521  
WO 2004-US15761 W 20040520

AB The authors disclose serum markers wherein changes in the levels  
of expression of one or more of the markers is correlated with  
RA.

L104 ANSWER 4 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:497356 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:39118

TITLE: Gene expression profiling for diagnosis, prognosis,  
and therapy of osteoarthritis and other  
diseases using microarrays

INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-chin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 157 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
Ser. No. 802,875.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005123938	A1	20050609	US 2004-809675	20040325
US 2004037841	A1	20040226	US 2002-85783	20020228
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
AU 2004249318	A1	20041229	AU 2004-249318	20040621
CA 2530191	A1	20041229	CA 2004-2530191	20040621
WO 2004112589	A2	20041229	WO 2004-US20836	20040621

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,  
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,  
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,  
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,  
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,  
SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,  
SN, TD, TG

EP 1643893 A2 20060412 EP 2004-785715 20040621

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-115125P P 19990106  
US 2000-477148 B1 20000104  
US 2001-271955P P 20010228  
US 2001-275017P P 20010312  
US 2001-305340P P 20010713  
US 2002-85783 A2 20020228

US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
US 2004-809675	A 20040325
WO 2004-US20836	W 20040621

AB The present invention relates to gene expression profiling for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy of osteoarthritis and other diseases using microarray methods. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing and monitoring diseases using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention also describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

L104 ANSWER 5 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:325595 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:353388

TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for the detection of Alzheimer's disease-related and other disease-related gene transcripts in blood

INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-chin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ChondroGene Ltd., Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 155 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005079514	A1	20050414	US 2004-812827	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular Alzheimer's disease, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially

expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen.

L104 ANSWER 6 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:160724 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:259424  
TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for the detection of asthma-related and other disease-related gene transcripts in blood  
INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 156 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005042630	A1	20050224	US 2004-816357	20040401
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular asthma, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of three records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

L104 ANSWER 7 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:156681 CAPLUS  
 Correction of: 2005:60757  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:216629  
 Correction of: 142:132329  
 TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for  
 the detection of hyperlipidemia and other  
 disease-related gene transcripts in blood  
 INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 155 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 802,875.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004248170	A1	20041209	US 2004-812777	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular hyperlipidemia, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen.

L104 ANSWER 8 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:112850 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:153469  
 TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for  
 the detection of lung disease-related and other  
 disease-related gene transcripts in blood  
 INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-chin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 155 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 802,875.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent



LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 47  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004241728	A1	20041202	US 2004-812764	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
US 2004241728	A1	20041202	US 2004-812764	20040330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2004-812764	A 20040330

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing and monitoring diseases using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention also describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

L104 ANSWER 9 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:799449 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:294121  
TITLE: Protein markers in body fluids for  
diagnosing rheumatoid arthritis  
INVENTOR(S): Kantor, Aaron B.; Becker, Christopher H.; Schulman,  
Howard  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Surromed Inc., USA; Ppd Biomarker Discovery Sciences,  
LLC  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 184 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004082617	A2	20040930	WO 2004-US7880	20040315
WO 2004082617	A3	20051208		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,  
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,  
SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,  
TD, TG

AU 2004222345 A1 20040930 AU 2004-222345 20040315  
CA 2527916 A1 20040930 CA 2004-2527916 20040315  
US 2005048574 A1 20050303 US 2004-801990 20040315  
EP 1627076 A2 20060222 EP 2004-720815 20040315

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-455037P P 20030314  
WO 2004-US7880 W 20040315

AB Biol. markers for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) are disclosed. A high-mol.-weight fraction separated from serum samples from patients with RA or from non-RA subjects was subjected to tryptic digestion, and the peptides profiles by liquid chromatog.-electrospray ionization-mass spectrometry (LC-ESI-MS) on a high-resolution time-of-flight (TOF) instrument. Peptide markers whose expression is elevated in RA or decreased in RA are identified. Such markers may be used to diagnose and treat RA, monitor progression of the disease, evaluate therapeutic interventions, and screen candidate drugs in a clin. or preclin. trial.

L104 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203936 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:251758

TITLE: Beta-2 microglobulin (B2M) and its 31 regulated gene products involved in regulation of osteoarthritis pathogenesis and chondrocyte proliferation and use thereof in screening for therapeutic B2M inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Marshall, Wayne E.; Liew, Choong-Chin; Zhang, Hongwei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.; Chondrogene, Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004020586	A2	20040311	WO 2003-US26730	20030827
WO 2004020586	A3	20050915		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2004127445	A1	20040701	US 2003-649959	20030826
CA 2495225	A1	20040311	CA 2003-2495225	20030827
AU 2003265757	A1	20040319	AU 2003-265757	20030827
EP 1592702	A2	20051109	EP 2003-791799	20030827
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-406494P P 20020828  
WO 2003-US26730 W 20030827

AB The invention relates to the discovery of the role of beta-2 microglobulin

(B2M) in the pathogenesis of osteoarthritis (OA) and the ability of B2M to inhibit chondrocyte proliferation. The invention further relates to the identification of genes regulated by B2M (the "B2M-related genes"). In particular, B2M is demonstrated to inhibit chondrocyte proliferation and thus its involvement in OA pathogenesis. Also disclosed are 31 biomarker, including 20 and 11 up- and down-regulated genes (with corresponding Unigene or GenBank Accession Number provided), in response to OA treatment of chondrocytes with B2M.

L104 ANSWER 11 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1997 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:111841  
TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for the detection of depression-related and other disease-related gene transcripts in blood  
INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 154 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004265868	A1	20041230	US 2004-812702	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular mental depression, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen.

L104 ANSWER 12 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:60760 CAPLUS  
Correction of: 2004:1036573  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:153477

Correction of: 142:16776

TITLE: Gene expression profiles and biomarkers for the detection of Chagas disease and other disease-related gene transcripts in blood

INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 154 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004241729	A1	20041202	US 2004-813097	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P	P 19990106
			US 2000-477148	B1 20000104
			US 2002-268730	A2 20021009
			US 2003-601518	A2 20030620
			US 2004-802875	A2 20040312
			US 2001-271955P	P 20010228
			US 2001-275017P	P 20010312
			US 2001-305340P	P 20010713
			US 2002-85783	A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular Chagas disease, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

L104 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:60755 CAPLUS

Correction of: 2004:1036570

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:154259

Correction of: 142:36938

TITLE: Analysis of genetic information contained in peripheral blood for diagnosis, prognosis and monitoring treatment of allergy, infection and genetic disease in human

INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-Chin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 155 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 31  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

CODEN: USXXCO

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004241726	A1	20041202	US 2004-812707	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2006134635	A1	20060622	US 2004-802875	20040312
US 2005191637	A1	20050901	US 2004-803737	20040318
US 2005196762	A1	20050908	US 2004-803759	20040318
US 2005196763	A1	20050908	US 2004-803857	20040318
US 2005196764	A1	20050908	US 2004-803858	20040318
US 2005208505	A1	20050922	US 2004-803648	20040318

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 1999-115125P P 19990106  
 US 2000-477148 B1 20000104  
 US 2002-268730 A2 20021009  
 US 2003-601518 A2 20030620  
 US 2004-802875 A2 20040312  
 US 2001-271955P P 20010228  
 US 2001-275017P P 20010312  
 US 2001-305340P P 20010713  
 US 2002-85783 A2 20020228

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing, and monitoring diseases, and in particular allergy, using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. Affymetrix Human Genome U133 and ChondroChip microarrays were used to detect differentially expressed gene transcripts in hypertension, obesity, allergy, systemic steroids, coronary artery disease, diabetes type 2, hyperlipidemia, lung disease, bladder cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, liver cancer, schizophrenia, Chagas disease, asthma, and manic depression syndrome. The present invention describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

L104 ANSWER 14 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:1007172 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:37049

TITLE: Identification of tissue/cell specific marker genes using gene expression profiles, cartilage-specific marker genes, and diagnostic uses

INVENTOR(S): Brunner, Andreas; Hagg, Rupert; Tommasini, Roberto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Biologix A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003106706	A2	20031224	WO 2003-CH379	20030612
WO 2003106706	A3	20040318		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,  
 PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,  
 TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2492504 A1 20031224 CA 2003-2492504 20030612  
 AU 2003233743 A1 20031231 AU 2003-233743 20030612  
 EP 1521844 A2 20050413 EP 2003-727114 20030612  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 US 2006008803 A1 20060112 US 2005-517756 20050802  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-388994P P 20020614  
 WO 2003-CH379 W 20030612

AB The present invention relates to a method for the identification of  
 tissue/cell specific marker genes, a method for the determination of a  
 disease state or developmental status of cells/tissue as well as to gene  
 expression profiling of cartilage tissue. A cartilage array comprises a  
 plurality of different polynucleotide chondrocyte-specific probe spots  
 stably associated with a solid surface of a carrier, whereby each of said  
 spots is made of a unique polynucleotide that corresponds to one specific  
 cartilage marker gene. Said specific cartilage marker  
 genes preferably are at least in part selected from a group of 467 genes  
 that could be shown to be cartilage related.

L104 ANSWER 15 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:875074 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:380024  
 TITLE: Oligonucleotide probes and primers for diagnosing and  
 monitoring autoimmune and chronic inflammatory  
 diseases  
 INVENTOR(S): Wohlgemuth, Jay; Fry, Kirk; Woodward, Robert; Ly, Ngoc  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Expression Diagnostics, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 877 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003090694	A2	20031106	WO 2003-US13015	20030424
WO 2003090694	A3	20041118		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,				
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,				
PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,				
TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,				
FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,				
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2004009479	A1	20040115	US 2002-131827	20020424
US 6905827	B2	20050614		
AU 2003231132	A1	20031110	AU 2003-231132	20030424
JP 2005523038	T	20050804	JP 2003-587333	20030424
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-131827	A2 20020424
			US 2001-296764P	P 20010608
			US 2001-6290	A2 20011022

AB Methods of diagnosing or monitoring auto immune and chronic inflammatory diseases, particularly systemic lupus erythematosus and rheumatoid arthritis, in a patient by detecting the expression level of one or more genes in a patient, are described. Oligonucleotide probes and primers for diagnosing or monitoring autoimmune and chronic inflammatory diseases, particularly systemic lupus erythematosus and rheumatoid arthritis and kits or systems containing the same are also described. In one format, the gene expression system is immobilized on an array, e.g. a chip, plate, bead, pin, membrane, microfilter, oligonucleotide, cDNA, or polynucleotide microarray.

L104 ANSWER 16 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:571232 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:128012

TITLE: Over-expressed gene markers useful in compositions, kits, and methods for identification, assessment, prevention, and therapy of rheumatoid arthritis

INVENTOR(S): Guild, Braydon C.; Liao, Hua; Jones, Michael D.; Zolg, Johannes W.; Wu, Jiang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003060465	A2	20030724	WO 2002-US40271	20021217
WO 2003060465	A3	20031211		
W:				
AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW:				
GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2003224386	A1	20031204	US 2002-320352	20021216
AU 2002365166	A1	20030730	AU 2002-365166	20021217
EP 1454146	A2	20040908	EP 2002-803318	20021217
R:				
AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-341942P	P 20011219
			WO 2002-US40271	W 20021217

AB The invention relates to composition, kits, and methods for detecting, characterizing, preventing, and treating human rheumatoid arthritis (RA). A variety of newly-identified markers are provided, wherein changes in the levels of expression of one or more of the markers is correlated with RA. The markers were initially identified in the synovial fluid of human patients who have been diagnosed with either erosive or non-erosive RA. Four hundred ninety markers were identified by mass spectrometry after synovial fluid samples were subjected to digestion of hyaluronic acid followed by a series of protein depletion and fractionation steps to enrich subsets of proteins from the original synovial fluid samples. Some of the identified markers were then validated in serum of patients who have been diagnosed with either erosive or non-erosive RA.

L104 ANSWER 17 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:356579 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:366235

TITLE: Mass spectrometric analysis of protein profiles in adipogenesis and the development of regulators of adipogenesis

INVENTOR(S): Blagoev, Blagoy Andonov; Kratchmarova, Irina Hristova; Mann, Matthias; Pandey, Akilesh; Podtelejnikov, Alexandre V.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MDS Proteomics, Inc., Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003038055	A2	20030508	WO 2002-US35050	20021031
WO 2003038055	A3	20031120		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2002343601	A1	20030512	AU 2002-343601	20021031
US 2004002112	A1	20040101	US 2002-285335	20021031
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-336386P	P 20011031
			WO 2002-US35050	W 20021031

AB Proteins showing regulated changes in levels during the differentiation of preadipocytes are identified and their levels monitored by mass spectrometry. The genes may be used as markers of adipogenesis. The proteins and the genes may be useful as targets for the treatment of diseases associated with hyper- or hypo-adipogenesis (no data). Changes in protein profiles were analyzed when the preadipocyte cell line 3T3-L1 was induced to differentiate in vitro. Patterns were analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Major bands showing altered patterns of expression were excised from gels and analyzed by nanospray tandem mass spectrometry. This resulted in identification of several proteins known to be regulated in adipogenesis and in known proteins not previously known to be involved in adipogenesis.

L104 ANSWER 18 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:832556 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:350862

TITLE: Gene expression profiles in bone and cartilage formation and their use in diagnosis and treatment of disease

INVENTOR(S): Clancy, Brian; Pittman, Debra M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 197 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
------------	------	------	-----------------	------



WO 2002085285      A2      20021031      WO 2002-US12149      20020418

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:      US 2001-284786P      P 20010418

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for diagnostic assays for detecting bone and cartilage formation and therapeutic methods and compns. for treating disease and disorders related to bone and cartilage formation or resorption, such as osteoporosis and bone fractions. The invention also provides therapeutic methods for diseases related to bone or cartilage formation or resorption. Methods for identifying therapeutics for such diseases are also provided. Marker genes that can be used to monitor bone and cartilage formation are identified on com. DNA microarrays.

L104 ANSWER 19 OF 19      CAPLUS      COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:      2002:107392      CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:      136:166062

TITLE:      Endothelial cell expression patterns

INVENTOR(S):      St. Croix, Brad; Kinzler, Kenneth W.; Vogelstein, Bert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):      The Johns Hopkins University, USA

SOURCE:      PCT Int. Appl., 331 pp.

   CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:      Patent

LANGUAGE:      English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:      2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002010217	A2	20020207	WO 2001-US24031	20010801
WO 2002010217	A3	20020906		
WO 2002010217	A9	20030206		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2416732	A1	20020207	CA 2001-2416732	20010801
US 2003017157	A1	20030123	US 2001-918715	20010801
EP 1307557	A2	20030507	EP 2001-961827	20010801
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2004527210	T	20040909	JP 2002-515946	20010801
US 2005142138	A1	20050630	US 2004-979159	20041103
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2000-222599P	P 20000802
			US 2000-224360P	P 20000811
			US 2001-282850P	P 20010411
			US 2001-918715	A1 20010801
			WO 2001-US24031	W 20010801

AB To gain a better understanding of tumor angiogenesis, new techniques for isolating endothelial cells (ECs) and evaluating gene expression patterns

were developed. When transcripts from ECs derived from normal and malignant colorectal tissues were compared with transcripts from non-endothelial cells, over 170 genes predominantly expressed in the endothelium were identified. Comparison between normal- and tumor-derived endothelium revealed 79 differentially expressed genes, including 46 that were specifically elevated in tumor-associated endothelium. Expts. with representative genes from this group demonstrated that most were similarly expressed in the endothelium of primary lung, breast, brain, and pancreatic cancers as well as in metastatic lesions of the liver. These results demonstrate that neoplastic and normal endothelium in humans are distinct at the mol. level, and have significant implications for the development of anti-angiogenic therapies in the future.